

d. $y = ax^b$

$$\begin{cases} 44.8 = a \cdot 4^b \\ 151.2 = a \cdot 6^b \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{151.2}{44.8} = \frac{a \cdot 6^b}{a \cdot 4^b}$$

$$3.375 = 1.5^b$$

$$\log 3.375 = \log 1.5^b$$

$$\log 3.375 = b \log 1.5$$

$$b = \frac{\log 3.375}{\log 1.5} = 3$$

$$44.8 = a \cdot 4^3$$

$$a = \frac{44.8}{4^3} = 0.7$$

$$\therefore y = 0.7x^3$$

Write the untranslated general equation.

Substitute the given x - and y -values into the equation.

Divide the second equation by the first to eliminate a .

The a 's cancel, and $\frac{6^b}{4^b} = \left(\frac{6}{4}\right)^b = 1.5^b$.

Take the logarithm of both sides to get b out of the exponent. See Section 2-4 for a review of logarithms.

Substitute 3 for b in one of the equations.

Write the particular equation.

- e. Plotting the graph confirms that the equation is correct. Note that the value of b is between 0 and 1, which corresponds to the fact that the graph is concave up.

EXAMPLE 4

For the function graphed in Figure 2-2i,

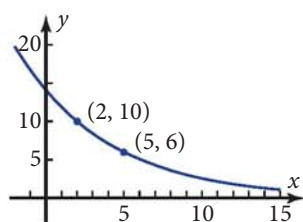


Figure 2-2i

- Identify the kind of function it could be.
- On what interval or intervals is the function increasing or decreasing? Which way is the graph concave, up or down?
- Describe something in the real world that a function with this shape graph could model.
- Find the particular equation of the function, given that the points (2, 10) and (5, 6) are on the graph.

- e. Confirm by plotting that your equation gives the graph in Figure 2-2i.

SOLUTION

- The function could be exponential or quadratic, but exponential is chosen because the graph appears to approach the x -axis asymptotically.
- The function is decreasing and concave up over its entire domain.
- The function could model any situation in which a variable quantity starts at some nonzero value and decreases, gradually approaching zero, such as the number of degrees a cup of coffee is above room temperature as a function of time since it started cooling.